Khmer Sorting Analysis

Recent changes are in Red.

Sorting scheme for Khmer

Note that page references in this document are typically to Chuon Nath's Khmer-Khmer Dictionary, Japanese Reprint Edition with Arabic numbers at the bottom of the page.

Level 1 (Priority 1):

(Should Khmer numbers and signs precede the alphabet? Should U+17A3/U+17A4 precede the other letters of the alphabet?)

[U+1780..U+1793] The first 20 (of 33) Khmer consonants in the order they are encoded in Unicode: ការការងេចនាជាឈ្មាដឋានាណាតិថែននេ

[U+1794] The next one (of 33) Khmer consonants in the order they are encoded in Unicode: v It would probably be best to merge this and the next two entries under one heading, words with signs would list immediately after words with identical spelling without said signs. Is that acceptable?

[U+1794 U+17C9] A variant of the 21st Khmer consonant with 'p' pronunciation comes next (this is evident when marked as: \ddot{v} , however, there are hundreds of words in this section whose only distinction from a simple v is their derivation)

[U+1794 U+17CA] A variant of the 21st Khmer consonant comes next (happily this is always marked as: \Im)

[U+1795..U+1799] An additional 5 (of 33) Khmer consonants in the order they are encoded in Unicode: ผกสัชธ

[U+179A] An additional 1 (of 33) Khmer consonants in the order it is encoded in Unicode: § It would probably be best to merge this and the next two entries under one heading (i.e., including ROBAT and the two independent vowels decomposed into § and the appropriate dependent vowel). Is that acceptable?

[U+17CC] The ROBAT sign is (inconsistently in the Chuon Nath dictionary p. 465, 506, 538, 609, 750-1, 768, 1322, 1339-1340, 1633) treated for ordering purposes as an independent syllable. Should this be entered in phonetic order (as everything else is; I believe that would be appropriate)? What is its writing order when entered by a learned monk? It seems to fill

the roll of a superscript consonant and is not written stand-alone. If it is sorted as indicated here and not entered in phonetic order, there will have to be some mechanism to reorder it in the ordering algorithm. This should probably be replaced by U+179A U+17D2

[U+17AB..U+17AC] These two independent vowels [ម្ហូម្ប] are treated as consonants following 179A as they share a consonantal sound of 'r'

[U+179B] The next one (of 33) Khmer consonant:
Should this and the following section be merged with decomposition of the following in U+179B plus the appropriate vowel?

[U+17AD..U+17AE] These two independent vowels [nn] are treated as consonants following U+179B as they share a consonantal sound of 'l'

[U+179C] The next one (of 33) Khmer consonant: \$\foatstar{1}{3}\$

[U+17AB..U+17AC] These two transliteration consonants [\$\pi\$] are treated as consonants following U+179C. They resemble the following Khmer consonant U+179F as they share a sound 's'. (Q: Are these two in the right order for sorting? Should they be integrated within the Khmer U+17DC for ordering purposes? None seem to be sorted in the Chuon Nate dictionary. Could we have examples of the characters they transliterate and the name of the script that character comes from? Have the glyphs and names been switched in Unicode?)

[U+179F..U+17A0] The next 2 (of 33) Khmer consonants: ชงา

[U+17A1] The next 1 (of 33) Khmer consonants (this is separated because it is not available in a subscript form): §1

[U+17A2, U+17A3..U+17AA, U+17AF..U+17B3] These characters are merged under one consonant (U+17A2) by means of decomposition into a glottal stop and a dependent vowel. For there to be a deterministic system this decomposition must be standardised. The resulting system (hopefully) will also sort transliterated Sanskrit/Pali text (note that Pali dictionaries sort the independent vowels first with separate sections for U+17A3 and U+17A4).

¥	Ħ	U+17A2
អ	Ħ	$U+17A3 \rightarrow U+17A2 \ (?)^1$

 $^{^1}$ There is a weak differentiation between short initial inherent vowel words (presumeably U+17A3) and long inherent vowel words (presumeably U+17A2) in the final section of the Chuon Nate Khmer dictionary. There is some controversy over the

្ត អា	[[[[[[]	U+17A4->U+17A2 +
		U+17B6 (?)
ឥ	\$ 1	U+17A5->U+17A2 +
		U+17B7
	\${ + °	U+17A6->U+17A2 +
<u> </u>		U+17B8
2	155+ 1	U+17A7->U+17A2 +
	1	U+17BB ²
হূ	¥+ (+ ñ)	U+17A8->U+17A2 +
		U+17BB (+ U+1780) ³
3	₹{4+ υ	U+17A9->U+17A2 +
	U	U+17BC
સ્	\$\f\ (+ \f\)	U+17AA->U+17A2 +
	U ·	U+17BC (+ U+179C) ⁴
ង	₹+ Ĕ	U+17AF->U+17A2 +
		U+17C2 ⁵
្ជា	₹4+ °C	U+17B0->U+17A2 +
		U+17C3
2	អ+ េា	U+17B1->U+17A2 +
		U+17C4
G	អ+ េា	U+17B2->U+17A2 +
		U+17C4 ⁶
1 2	括+ t□]	U+17B3->U+17A2 +
		U+17C5

significance of U+17A3 and U+17A4 in Unicode. The linguist committee in Phnom Penh felt that there needed to be a distinction between the final Khmer consonant U+17A2 and the two independent Sanscrit vowels U+17A3..U+17A4. It would be good to clarify this issue if the particular Pali/Sancrit characters these are to represent could be shown.

... \S ... \S ... \S if the Chuon Nath precedent were followed in this case it would seem to contradict the useage of decomposition for the other independent vowels that seem to separate into U+17A2 + x.

²There are good examples of the equality of U+17A2 and the first part of the decomposed independent vowel on pages 1808-1850 (Arabic) of the Japanese reprint of Chuon Nath's dictionary.

 $^{^3}$ The final Khmer consonant sound does not affect the ordering of this extremely rare and obsolete independent vowel. There will be some need of differentiating U+17A7 and U+17A8, but only at a higher level of sorting. This is referenced at the top of p. 1852 and p. 1877 of Chuon Nath's dictionary.

⁴ The final consonant U+179C does not figure in the sorting order, and is presented only for an understanding of the roots of the character. By this analysis there would seem to be an inconsistency on page 1851-1856, particularly with ខ្ ... ខ្ពុំ ... ខ្ពុំ ... ខ្ពុំ ... ម្ចា

⁵ Note on p. 1860 the independent vowel in Chuon Nath's dictionary seems to have a secondary priority over the decomposition: ឯ ដែ

 $^{^6}$ There are only two words which require the use of this character, the very common g_1 and the very rare U+17B2 U+1780 U+17C0.

Level 1 (Priority 2)

17C9	p. 195, 626 (in conjunction with 1794 higher level?), 1178
17CA	p. 715 (in conjunction with 1794 higher level?), 1538-9, 1534-5

Level 2 (Priority 1): First subscript should include all the characters in Level 1 with the (possible) exception of a subscript form of ឡ which reportedly does not exist. However for sorting and display purposes it is assumed that any character in the range U+1780..U+17B3 could be a subscript. On the other hand only a subset of independent vowels are presently known to be subscripts (in addition to the consonant អ): បូឧឯ (ហ្លួទ័យ បង្ក្លួជន ជួធ)

Level 3 (Priority 1): Second subscript. Theoretically any of the characters under Level 2 may also sort in the same orders under Level 3. On the other hand in the Khmer language only about 9 are documented) $\lim_{n \to \infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int$

Level 4 (Priority 1): Vowels, 18 (Unicode: A committee of Khmer linguists voted to move three characters [U+17C6..U+17C8] from independent and combining forms of vowel to instead be signs as indicated in the Khmer Unicode section, reducing the number of dependent vowels that would need to be keyboarded.

The vowel/sign combinations which are known to exist using these are as follows:

Ġ	U+17B5	Short inherent p. 1583
	U+17B4	Long inherent
	U+17B6	
בח₃	U+17B6 U+17C7	p. 982, 1786, 1793
	U+17B7	
□°8	U+17B7+U+17C7	p. 132, 1237, 1549
	U+17B8	
□°.	U+17B7+17C7	p. 64, 251
ä	U+17B9	
a o	U+17B9+U+17C7	p. 760, 743-4, 1239, 1463

ä	U+17BA	
8 8	U+17BA+U+17C7	p. 246, 458, 597, 1887, 1808
	U+17BB	
	U+17BB+U+17C7	p. 224, 542-3, 812, 1451, 1513, 1554
	U+17BC	
ე 8	U+17BC+U+17C7	p. 1887
П	U+17BD	
	U+17BD+U+17C7	(Invalid? Not in Chuon Nath dictionary)
្រី	U+17BE	
្វើ៖	U+17BE+U+17C7	p. 743-4, 895, 1878-9
ឿ	U+17BF	
ឿ៖	U+17BF+U+17C7	(Invalid? Not in Chuon Nath dictionary)
[U+17C0	
<u>្រោះ</u>	U+17C0+U+17C7	p. 748, 1242
t □	U+17C1	
t□8	U+17C1+U+17C7	p. 68, 215, 264, 689, 748 (but p. 1061)
ĭ□	U+17C2	
្ដែ៖	U+17C2+U+17C7	p. 74, 142, 709, 761, 1475
Ĩ	U+17C3	
° □ 8	U+17C3+U+17C7	(Valid? No example)
t□	U+17C4	
t 🗀 s	U+17C4+U+17C7	p. 76, 134-5, 142, 187
t□J	U+17C5	
t⊡J\$	U+17C5+U+17C7	(Invalid? Not in Chuon Nath dictionary)
Ů	U+17BB+U+17C6	
n s	U+17BB+U+17C6 + U+17C7	(Invalid? Not in Chuon Nath dictionary)
Ů	U+17C6	

i i	U+17B6+U+17C6	
្នាំ៖	U+17B6+U+17C6+ U+17C7	(Invalid? Not in Chuon Nath dictionary)
□8	U+17C7	
□:	U+17C8	p. 413, 843, 1178, 1492, 1562, 1590, but lower priority to hyphen p. 1392-3!

Level 2 (Priority 2): Signs

Level 2 (Thority 2). Signs				
. □	U+17CE	p. 252, 542-3		
!	(exclamation)	p. 1558		
	U+17CB	p. 119, 133, 148 (higher priority?), 177, 1178, 1544 (?)		
-	(hyphen)	p. 1254, but why p. 1538-9		
	U+17D0	p. 119, 483, 681, 839, 1254		
о́ П	U+17CD			
u 🗍	U+17CF			
	U+17D1			
_	(long hyphen)	p. 504, 1590, 1728, 1392-3		
ຶ່ງ	U+17D7	p. 252, 860		

Level 3 (Priority 2) : Signs as above, relatively rareណា៎ៈ អ៊ូយ ហ៊ែៈ ដុំី៖

Test collation series

ñ	1	U+1780 ⁷	Single consonant
ក្ត	2	U+1780U+17CF	Single consonant and sign
ññ	3	U+1780U+1780	Consonant and next base consonant

 $^{^{7}}$ When sorting ignore all spaces inserted into this column; they are purely for presentation/word-wrap purposes.

ñń	4	U+1780U+1780	Consonant and next
		U+17CB	base consonant and
			sign
កករ	5	U+1780U+1780	Could also be
		U+179A	expressed with
			inherent vowels
			encoded
			U+1780U+17A5
			U+1780U+17A5
			U+179A (final consonant lacks
			vowel)
	5	U+1780 U +17 A5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ក្ការ		U+1780U+17A5	previous
		U+179A	previous
	6	U+1780U+1780	Vowel on second
កកាត		U+17B6U+178F	base resets cycling
			of third consonant
្ត កកា យ	7	U+1780U+1780	Third base
Inniw	'	U+17B6U+1799	consonant changes
្រ ព្រះ	8	U+1780U+1780	Vowel on second
116110		U+17C1U+17C7	base resets cycling,
			starting with no
			third base
ក្រែកករ	9	U+1780U+1780	ditto (presence of
		U+17C2U+1780	consonant in third
		U+1780U+179A	base position
			follows absence of
			third base
			consonant)
កកែប	10		Third base
		U+17C2U+1794	consonant cycle
កកោះ	11	U+1780U+1780	Continuing to cycle
		U+17C4U+17C7	through vowels on
			second base
	10	11 170011 1700	consonant
កក្រើក	12	U+1780U+1780	Start cycling
		U+17D2U+179A	through subscript
		U+17BEU+1780	consonant on
			second base (reset
			cycling of vowel on second base)
	<u> </u>		second base)

កក្ដា ក	13	U+1780U+1780 U+17D2U+17A2 U+17B6U+1780	Continue cycling through subscript consonant on second base (reset cycling of vowel on
កក្ដា ក	13	U+1780U+17B5 U+1780U+17D2 U+17A2U+17B6 U+1780	second base) Identical to above (no implicit vowel when there is an explicit dependent vowel)
ខៅតាក	14	U+1781U+17C5 U+178FU+17B6 U+1780	Next consonant; cycling through vowel on first base
³	15	U+1781U+17C6	Cycling through sign turned to vowel on first base
ာိ	16	U+1781U+17B6 U+17C6	cycling through composed vowel on first base
ខាំង	17	U+1781U+17B6 U+17C6U+1784	Second base
98	18	U+1781U+17C7	Cycling through sign turned to vowel on first base
ឃ្មោះ	19	U+178EU+17D2 U+1798U+17C4 U+17C7	
ឃ្មុំ	20	U+178EU+17D2 U+1798U+17BB U+17C6	Composed vowel starts with subscript part first, then superscript.
ដោ ង	21	U+1784U+17C4 U+1784	
ដោង	22	U+1784U+17C4 U+17C9U+1784	Word with sign follows word without sign
រា	23	U+1786U+17B6	
<u>ភ</u> ា	24	U+1786U+17B6 U+17CE	Sign follows vowel in entry order
ឆាៗ	25	U+1786U+17B6 U+17D7	Doubling sign indicates a consonant will follow (but weights as a sign)

भ	26		Inherent vowel appear to have some affect
អ	27	U+17A2U+17B5	

The influence of inherent vowels in collation is a subject worth further investigation. For example, should words with a voiced inherent final vowel (Indic loanwords) be sorted before (or after!) words with final consonants lacking an inherent vowel? (Thanks to Kent Karlsson for raising this issue).

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